

Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences and Research

www.jpsr.pharmainfo.in

Medicinal Plants Used For Kidney Pain

Mehrdad Karimi¹, Nasrollah Naghdi^{2*}, Siamak Naji-Haddadi³, Farzaneh Bahmani⁴

¹Department of Surgery, Shahrekord University of Medical Sciences, Shahrekord, Iran

²Biotechnology and Medicinal Plants Research Center, Ilam University of Medical Sciences, Ilam, Iran

³Department of Pathology, Motahari Hospital, Urmia University of Medical Sciences, Urmia, Iran ⁴Leishmaniasis Research Center, Ilam University of Medical Sciences, Ilam, Iran

Abstract

Today, diseases of the kidney and urinary tract are common and cause suffering to the people. Kidney disease is one of the diseases that are associated with pain, which causes pain and discomfort in patients. Identification, production and use of anti-inflammatory medicines for pain relief have been reported as the side effects. Medicinal herbs contain active substances that have a therapeutic effect on the kidney and urinary tract system. Since, in Iranian traditional and ethnobotanical medicine, medicinal herbs are used for the treatment of pain caused by kidney diseases and disorders, the aim of this study is to identify and report on Iranian native medicinal plants affecting kidney pain. In this study, at first, the search was done by keywords such as kidney pain, medicinal herbs, extracts, essences and Iran from scientific databases and databases such as Google Scholar, SID, etc. Related articles were selected for review. After reviewing the results, it was found that 40 Iranian herbs are used to reduce kidney pain. Medicinal herbs of this review paper are of the herbs effective in reducing kidney pain in which the impact it is through pharmaceutical active ingredients and bioactive compound.

Keywords: Kidney, Kidney pain, Medicinal herbs, Iran

INTRODUCTION

Pain is one of the problems that occurs in many diseases [1]. Pain occurs at tissue damage, which causes the reaction of the person for the removal of painful stimuli so that we can say that the pain is an emotional and sensory response [2]. Chronic pain is a pain that has been continued at least for three months during the last six months [3]. Chronic pain often interfere with the ability of the person to perform various activities of life [4,5]. However, in many studies, pain and physical injury are considered as important predictors of disability [6]. Opioid drugs, especially morphine, have high performance in relieving acute and chronic pain, but frequent use of morphine reduces its effects gradually [7]. Identification, production and use of chemical analgesics medicines for pain relief, have been reported as side effects [8-10]. Today, diseases of the kidney and urinary tract are common and cause suffering to the people [11-18]. Kidney disease is one of the diseases associated with pain, which causes pain and discomfort in the patients [19,20]. Due to the side effects of chemical medicines, the return to the use of medicinal herbs and herbal and natural medicines has been increasing [21-30]. Now, many studies are going towards the study of medicinal herbs in the prevention and treatment of kidney disease and the diseases associated with urogenital system [31-38]. Many of these studies suggest that the medicinal herbs have beneficial effects on kidney disease and disorders as well as urinary tract disease [39-52]. Medicinal

herbs contain active substances that have therapeutic effects on the renal and urinary tract system [53-58]. Since, in Iranian traditional and ethnobotanical medicine, medicinal herbs are used for the treatment of pain caused by kidney diseases and disorders, the aim of this study is to identify and report on Iranian native medicinal plants affecting kidney pain.

METHODOLOGY

In this study, at first, the search was done by keywords such as kidney pain, medicinal herbs, extracts, essences and Iran from scientific databases and databases such as Google Scholar, SID, etc. Related articles were selected for review.

RESULTS

The number of identified plants

According to the results obtained, 40 herbs including yarrow, horsetail, barberry, veneris, Physalis alkekengi, Ilami onobrychis, Tribulus terrestris, parsley, camel thorn, jujube, chamomile, licorice, Silybum marianum, etc. are medicinal herbs effective in reducing kidney pain.

Additional information on medicinal plants

Additional results are shown in Table 1.

Table 1. Iranian medicinal herbs with kidney analgesic effect

		Table 1. Iranian -				Therapeutic	
Raw	Scientific name	Family name	Persian name	Usage	Used organs	effect	Region
1	Amygdalus oreintalis	Rosaceae	Arzhan	Decoction	-	Kidney pain	Abadeh [59]
2	Achila mellifolium	Asteraceae	Boumadaran	Decoction	-	Kidney pain	Abadeh [59]
3	Berberis vulgaris L.	Berberidaceae	Zereshk	Decoction	Fruit and Leaf	Kidney pain	Arasbaran [60]
4	Equisetum arvense	Equisetaceae	Domeasb	Decoction	Aerial part	Kidney pain	Arasbaran [60]
5	Adianthum capillus- veneris L.	Polypodiaceae	Paresiavashan	Decoction	Flowers and shoot	Kidney pain	Ilam [61]
6	Alhagi persarum Boiss. & Buhse.	Fabaceae	Kharshotor	Decoction	Flowers and shoot	Kidney pain	Ilam [61]
7	Lycium depressum Stocks.	Solanaceae	Gorjtigh	Decoction	Leaf and Fruit	Kidney pain	Ilam [61]
8	Onobrychis elymaitica		Esperes ilami	Decoction	Leaf and shoot	Kidney pain	Ilam [61]
9	Physalis divaricata D. Don	Solanaceae	Araousake poshtepardeh	Decoction	Fruit	Kidney pain	Ilam [61]
10	Salvia sclarea L.	Lamiaceae	-	Decoction	-	Kidney pain	South east of Iran [62]
11	Adonis aestivalis L.	Ranunculaceae	Teriako	Decoction	-	Kidney pain	South east of Iran [62]
12	Tribulus trrestris L.	Zygophyllaceae	Kharkhasak	Decoction		Kidney pain caused by kidney stones	South east of Iran [62]
13	Allium haemanthoides	Amaryllidaceae	Ben sorkh	Decoction	Aerial part	Kidney pain	Khuzistan [63]
14	Petroselinum crispum	Apiaceae	Jafari	Decoction	Fruits and leaves	Kidney pain	Khuzistan [63]
15	Hyoscyamus orthocarpus	Solanaceae	Bazr albanj	Decoction	-	Kidney pain	Khuzistan [63]
16	Adonis aestivalis L.	Ranunculaceae	Cheshmkhorous tabestani	Decoction	Aerial part	Kidney pain caused by kidney stones	Dastena [64]
17	Centaurea persica Boiss.	Astraceae	Gole gandom	Decoction	Flower	Kidney pain caused by kidney stones	Dastena [64]
18	Malva neglecta	Malvaceae	Panirak	Decoction	Flower	Kidney pain caused by kidney stones	Sirjan [65]
19	Alhagi persarum Boiss.& Buhse.	Fabaceae	Kharshotor	Decoction	Leaf, Fruit and Flower	Kidney pain caused by kidney stones	Sistan [66]
20	Zizyphus jujuba	Rhamnaceae	Anab	Decoction	Fruit	Kidney pain	Sistan [66]
21	Ixilirion tataricum	Ixioliriaceae	Khiarak	Decoction	Inflorescence	Kidney pain	East of Persian golf [67]
22	Physalisdivaricata	Solanaceae	Arosakeposht pardeh	Decoction	Fruit	Kidney pain	Fasa [68]
23	Tribulus terrestris L.	Zygophylaceae	Kharkhasak	Decoction	-	Kidney pain	Kazeroun [69]
24	Nasturtium officinale	Brassicaceae	Beklo	Decoction	Leaf	Kidney pain caused by kidney stones	Kohgilouyeh [70]
25	Matricaria recutita L.	Asteraceae	Babouneh	Decoction	Flower	Kidney pain caused by kidney stones	Mobarekeh Isfahan [71]
26	Petroselinum crispum Mill	Apiaceae	Jafari	Decoction	Root	Kidney pain caused by kidney inflammation	Mobarekeh Isfahan [71]
27	Alhagi camelerumFisch.	Fabaceae	Kharshotor	Decoction	-	Kidney pain	Maraveh [72]
28	Caralluma oxyacantha	Compositae	Kharkala	Decoction	Leaf	Kidney pain	Hormozgan [72]
29	Tribulus macropterus Boiss.	Zygophyllaceae	Nalouak	Decoction	Leaf, Fruit and Flower	Kidney pain	Hormozgan [73]
30	Tribulus terresteris L.	Zygophyllaceae	Kharkhasak	Decoction	Leaf	Kidney pain	Hormozgan [73]
31	Ceratocephalusfalcata	Ranunculaceae	-	Decoction	Aerial part	Kidney pain	Hamedan [74]
32	Alhagi persarum	Fabaceae	Kharshotor	Decoction	Root	Kidney pain	Lorestan [75]
33	Dracocephalum imberbe	Lamiaceae	Badranjbouyeh	Decoction	Stem and Leaf	Kidney pain	Lorestan [75]
34	Glycyrrhiza glabra Heracleum persicum	papilionacea Apiaceae	Shirin bian Golpar	Decoction Decoction	Root Leaf and	Kidney pain Kidney pain	Lorestan [75]
	Î.	-	-		Flower		
36 37	Matricaria aurea Rosa damascena	Asteraceae Rocaceae	Babouneh Roz	Decoction Decoction	Flower Fruit	Kidney pain Kidney pain	Lorestan [75] Lorestan [75]
38	Silybum marianum	Asteraceae	Kharmaryam	Decoction	Flower	Kidney pain	Lorestan [75]
39	Stachys lavandulifolia	Lamiaceae	Chaye kouhi	Decoction	Flower	Kidney pain	Lorestan [75]
40	Tribulus terrestris	Zygophyll aceae	Kharkhasak	Decoction	Seed	Kidney pain	Lorestan [75]
70	THOMAS ICHESIUS	Zygopnyn accae	1 KIIGI KIIGOGK	Decociion	Secu	remainly pain	Lorestan [73]

DISCUSSION

Many people are suffering from chronic kidney disease, but are unaware of their condition. Early symptoms of kidney disease seem so minor and unimportant, so, people may live many years with these symptoms and do not complain, but these small problems can lead to kidney failure [55,57]. Moreover, Kidney is susceptible to many other diseases or toxic agents [76].

Natural and medicinal herbs are naturally rich in active substances, and have fewer side effects because they have a natural origin and are more compatible with the organism of the body. They also have multiple functions ans can be used for multiple diseases [77-80]. In this review, it was found that varrow, horsetail, barberry, veneris, Physalis alkekengi, Ilami onobrychis, Tribulus terrestris, parsley, camel thorn, jujube, chamomile, licorice, Silybum marianum, etc. are medicinal herbs effective in reducing kidney pain. They probably reduce kidney pain through different mechanisms such as stimulation and blocking of pain receptors. In addition, these herbs have phenolic, flavonoids, anthocyanins, antioxidant substances that reduce pain by affecting pain receptors [55,81,82]. It seems that the medicinal herbs in this study or other studies have bioactive and antioxidant compounds which can lead to improvement in the kidney or other oxidative stress induced complications [83-95]. These plants other than relieving pain can protect the kidney from injury [83-88]. Hence, other plants with antioxidant activity [96-106] might have the same effects which worth examining.

AUTHORS CONTRIBUTION

This work was carried out in collaboration among all authors.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The authors declared no potential conflicts of interests with respect to the authorship and/or publication of this paper.

REFERENCES

- [1] Weiner. RS. Pain management. 6th ed, American Academy of pain 3anagement, 2001: 3-9.
- Berne RM, Levy MN, Koeppen BM, Tanton BA. Textbook of physiology. 5th ed. Philadephia: Mosby; 2004. 97-9
- [3] Crombie IK, Oakley Davies HT. Requirements for epidemiological studies. In: Crombie IK, Croft PR, Linton SJ, LeResche L, Von Korff M, Editors. Epidemiology of Pain. Seattle: IASP Press; 1999: 17-24.
- [4] International Association for the Study for Pain. Unrelieved pain is a major global healthcare problem [Online].
- 2003; Available from: URL: http://www.iasp-pain.org/AM/Template.cfm? Section=Press_Release & Template=/CM/ContentDisplay.cfm&ContentID=2908/
- [5] Weiner DK, Rudy TE, Kim YS, Golla S. Do medical factors predict disability in older adults with persistent low back pain? Pain. 2004; 112(1-2): 214-20.
- [6] Gauntlett-Gilbert J, Eccleston C. Disability in adolescents with chronic pain: Patterns and predictors across different domains of functioning. Pain. 2007; 131(1-2), 132-41.
- [7] Ekhtiari H, Behzadi A, Sadeqi M, et al. Recognition and treatment of addiction. 1st ed. Tehran: Arjomand Publishing; 2002. 14-31
- [8] Murray MD, Brater DC. Renal toxicity of the nonsteroidal antiinflammatory drugs. Annu Rev Pharmacol Toxicol. 1993; 33: 435-65.
- [9] Heidari MR, Sharififar F, Haji Aghayee A. Study the analgesic effect of Piper nigrum extract by formalin test in mice. Pajouhesh Dar Pezeshki. 2001; 24(4): 277-85.

- [10] Tassorelli C, Greco R, Morazzoni P, Riva A, Sandrini G, Nappi G. Parthenolide is the component of Tanacetum parthenium that inhibits nitroglycerin-induced Fos activation: studies in an animal model of migraine. Cephalalgia. 2005; 25(8): 612-21.
- [11] Tamadon MR, Saberi Far M, Soleimani A, Ghorbani R, Semnani V, Malek F, and Malek M. Evaluation of noninvasive tests for diagnosis of Helicobacter pylori infection in hemodialysis patients. J Nephropathol. 2013; 2(4): 249–253.
- [12] Baradaran A. Herbal antioxidant to ameliorate vascular biology. Angiol Persica Acta. 2017; 2(1):01.
- [13] Tamadon MR, Jamshidi L, Soliemani A, Ghorbani R, Malek F, Malek M.Effect of different doses of folic acid on serum homocysteine level in patients on hemodialysis.Iran J Kidney Dis. 2011: 5(2):93-6.
- [14] Nasri H. Antioxidant therapy to ameliorate chronic kidney disease induced by oxidative stress; an updated mini-review. J Prev Epidemiol. 2017; 2(1):04.
- [15] Asgari MR, Mohammadi E, FallahiKhoshknab M, Tamadon MR. Hemodialysis patients' perception from nurses' role in their adjustment with hemodialysis: A qualitative study. koomesh. 2011; 12 (4):385-395.
- [16] Karou, Simplice Damintoti, et al. "Ethnobotanical study of medicinal plants used in the management of diabetes mellitus and hypertension in the Central Region of Togo." Pharmaceutical Biol. 2011; 49(12): 1286-1297.
- [17] Soliemani A, Nikoueinejad H, Tabatabaizade M, Mianehsaz E, Tamadon M.Effect of hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA reductase inhibitors on low-density lipoprotein cholesterol, interleukin-6, and high-sensitivity C-reactive protein in end-stage renal disease. Iran J Kidney Dis. 2011;5 (1):29-33.
- [18] Dehghan Shahreza F. Oxidative stress, free radicals, kidney disease and plant antioxidants. Immunopathol Persa. 2017; 3(2):11.
- [19] Tamadon MR, Saberi Far M, Soleimani A,Ghorbani,VahidSemnani,FarhadMalek,and MojtabaMalek R. Evaluation of noninvasive tests for diagnosis of Helicobacter pylori infection in hemodialysis patients.J Nephropathol. 2013; 2(4): 249–253.
- [20] Tamadon MR, Jamshidi L, Soliemani A, Ghorbani R, Malek F, Malek M.Effect of different doses of folic acid on serum homocysteine level in patients on hemodialysis.Iran J Kidney Dis. 2011;5(2):93-6.
- [21] Tamdon, Neeraj, and Satyapal Singh Yadav. "Contributions of Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR) in the area of medicinal plants/traditional medicine. J Ethnopharmacol. 2017; 197: 39-45.
- [22] Khodadadi S, Rafieian-Kopaei M. Herbs, health and hazards; a nephrology viewpoint on current concepts and new trends. Ann Res Antioxid. 2016; 1(1):05.
- 23] Nasri H. Impact of garlic extract on platelet function and structure. Ann Res Platelets. 2016; 1(1):01.
- [24] Bansode, Twinkle S., et al. "Partial purification and antidiabetic effect of bioactive compounds isolated from medicinal plants." Micro Medicine 2017; 5(1): 1-7.
- [25] Nasri H. Herbal drugs and new concepts on its use. J Prev Epidemiol. 2016; 1(1):01.
- [26] Dehghan Shahreza F. Kelussia odoratissima Mozaffarian and dyslipidemia. J Nephropharmacol. 2017;6(1):13-14.
- [27] Ahmed, Nazma, and Bishnu Prasad Sarma. "A study on the efficacy of Nelumbo nucifera gaertn in the management of Type-2 diabetes mellitus." J Sci. 2017; 2(3): 10-13.
- [28] Baradaran A. Administration of herbal drugs in geriatric individuals; trends on its helps and hazards. Geriatr Persia. 2017; 1(1):01.
- [29] Saqib, Fatima, and Khalid Hussain Janbaz. "Rationalizing ethnopharmacological uses of Alternanthera sessilis: A folk medicinal plant of Pakistan to manage diarrhea, asthma and hypertension." J Ethnopharmacol. 2016; 182: 110-121.
- [30] Tamadon GA, Mahmoodnia L, Mirhosseini M. Medicinal plants with anti-poisoning toxicity of carbon tetrachloride: An overview of the most important medicinal plants native to Iran with anticarbon tetrachloride toxicity. J Global Pharma Technol 2016; 8 (11): 17-20.
- [31] Mahmoudi GA, Mahmoodnia L, Mirhosseini M. A review on the most important medicinal herbs native to Iran with anti-

- acetaminophen toxicity. J Global Pharma Technol 2016; 8 (11): 12-16
- [32] Bahmani M, Asadi-Samani M. Native medicinal plants of Iran effective on peptic ulcer. J Inj Inflamm.2016; 1(1):05.
- [33] Rawat, Pooja, Pawan Kumar Singh, and Vipin Kumar. "Anti-hypertensive medicinal plants and their mode of action." Journal of Herbal Medicine. 2016; 6(3): 107-118.
- [34] Nasri P. Cancers and herbal antioxidants. Front Biomark. 2017; 2(1):e01.
- [35] Raeisi E, Shahbazi-Gahrouei D, Heidarian E. Pineapple extract as an efficient anticancer agent in treating human cancer cells. Front Cancers. 2016; 1(1):03.
- [36] Asadi-Samani M, Nasrollah N, Bahmani M. A review of the most important and the most widely used native medicinal plants of Iran effective on cardiac arrhythmia. Angiol Persica Acta. 2016;1(2):025.
- [37] Ranilla, Lena Galvez, et al. Phenolic compounds, antioxidant activity and in vitro inhibitory potential against key enzymes relevant for hyperglycemia and hypertension of commonly used medicinal plants, herbs and spices in Latin America." Bioresource technology 2010; 101(12): 4676-4689.
- [38] Hajian S, Asgary S, Rafieian-Kopaei M, Sahebkar A, Goli-Malekabady N, Rashidi B. Hibiscus esculentus seed and mucilage beneficial effects in reducing complications of diabetes in streptozotocin-induced diabetic rats. Ann Res Antioxid. 2016;1(2):23.
- [39] Hossan, Shahadat, et al. Traditional use of medicinal plants in Bangladesh to treat urinary tract infections and sexually transmitted diseases." Ethnobotany Research and Applications 2010; 8: 061-074.
- [40] Rafieian-Kopaie M, Baradaran A. Plants antioxidants: From laboratory to clinic. J Nephropathol. 2013; 2(2): 152-153.
- [41] Mahmoudi, G.A., Almasi, V., Lorzadeh, N., Khansari, A. The reasons for using and not using alternative medicine in Khorramabad women, west of Iran. J Pakistan Med Assoc 2015; 65(6): 623-625.
- [42] Nasri H. Help or hindrance; administration of herbal drugs for kidney diseases. Toxicol Persa. 2016;1(1):04.
- [43] Khan, Taous, et al. Intestinal and vascular smooth muscle relaxant effect of Viscum album explains its medicinal use in hyperactive gut disorders and hypertension. BMC Complementary and Alternative Medicine 2016; 16(1): 251.
- [44] Varshochi F, Asadollahi K. Alhaji; traditional and modern medicine effective against kidney stones. J Nephropharmacol. 2017; 6(1):15-16.
- [45] Dehghan Shahreza F. Hibiscus esculentus and diabetes mellitus. J Nephropharmacol. 2016; 5(2):104-105.
- [46] Ullah, Mohammad Fahad, and Faisel M. Abuduhier. Inhibition of angiotensin converting enzyme by Rhazya stricta, Moringa peregrina and Achillea fragrantissima, used in traditional system of medicine in Arabian Peninsula: Implication in the management of hypertension. Journal of Medicinal Plants Research 2016; 10(8): 93-99.
- [47] Kafeshani M. Ginger, micro-inflammation and kidney disease. J Renal Endocrinol.2015; 1:04.
- [48] Dehghan Shahreza F. Brassica napus and diabetic complications. J Nephropharmacol. 2016; 5(2): 106-107.
- [49] Mahmoudian-Sani MR, Luther T, Asadi-Samani M, Saeedi-Boroujeni A, Gholamian N. A new approach for treatment of type 1 diabetes: Phytotherapy and phytopharmacology of regulatory T cells. J Renal Inj Prev. 2017; 6(3):158-163.
- [50] Nischwitz, Volker, et al. First comprehensive study on total contents and hot water extractable fraction of selected elements in 19 medicinal plants from various locations in Nyamira County, Kenya. J Trace Elements in Medicine and Biology. 2017; 39: 54-61.
- [51] Nasri H. Silymarin and its properties; a nephrology viewpoint. J Renal Endocrinol. 2015;1(1):09.
- [52] Etcherla, Srikakulam. A database of 389 medicinal plants for diabetes. Bioinformation 2006; 1(4): 130-131.
- [53] Abo A, A. A. Fred-Jaiyesimi, and A. E. A. Jaiyesimi. Ethnobotanical studies of medicinal plants used in the management of diabetes mellitus in South Western Nigeria. J of Ethnopharmacol. 2008; 115(1): 67-71.

- [54] Nasri H. Improving the nephrotoxicity of cyclosporine; the role of herbal drugs. Toxicol Persa. 2016; 1(1):05.
- [55] Sharma, Neha, Babeet Singh Tanwer, and Rekha Vijayvergia. "Study of medicinal plants in Aravali regions of Rajasthan for treatment of kidney stone and urinary tract troubles." International Journal of PharmTech Research 2011; 3(1): 110-113.
- [56] Nasri H. Herbs and hazards; administration of herbal drugs in maintenance hemodialysis patients. Ann Res Dial. 2017; 2(1):01.
- [57] El-Mahmood, A. M., and J. M. Ameh. In vitro antibacterial activity of Parkia biglobosa (Jacq.) root bark extract against some microorganisms associated with urinary tract infections. African J Biotechnol. 2007; 6: 11.
- [58] Nasri H. Herbal drugs; from molecular studies to bedside investigations. Aria J Front Biochem. 2017; 2(1):01.
- [59] Razmjouei D, Zarei Z, Akbari M. Ethnobotanical study of medicinal plants of Abadeh city in Fars province. Journal Plants Ecophysiology. 2015; 7(3): 222-234.
- [60] Zolfaghari A, Adeli A, Mozafarian V, Babaei S, Habibi-Bibalan Gh. Identification of medicinal plants and indigenous knowledge of local people Arasbaran. J Med Arum Plants 2013; 28(3): 534-550
- [61] Ghasemi Pirbalouti A, Momeni M. and Bahmani M. Ethnobotanical study of medicinal plants used by kurd tribe in dehloran and abdanan districts, ilam province ,Iran. Afr J Tradit Complement Altern Med. 2013; 10(2): 368-000.
- [62] Rajaeia P and Mohamadi N. Ethnobotanical Study of Medicinal Plants of Hezar Mountain Allocated in South East of Iran. Iranian J Pharmaceutical Res. 2012; 11 (4): 1153-1167.
- [63] Khodayari H, Amani SH, Amiri H. Ethnobotanical study of North east of Khuzistan province. Med Plants Ecophytochemistry J 2013; 8; 2(4): 12-26.
- [64] Mohammadi H, Sajjadi SE, Noroozi M, Mirhosseini M. Collection and assessment of traditional medicinal plants used by the indigenous people of Dastena in Iran. J HerbMed Pharmacol. 2016; 5(2): 54-60.
- [65] Sharififar F, Koohpayeh A Motaghi MM, Amirkhosravi A, Puormohseni Nasab E, Khodashenas M. Study the ethnobotany of medicinal plants in Sirjan, Kerman province, Iran. J Herb drugs. 2010; 1(3): 19-28.
- [66] Mahboobeh Iranmanesh; Shahla Najafi; Mehdi Yosefi. Studies on Ethnobotany of important medicinal plants in Sistan. J Herbal Drugs. 2010; 1(2): 58-65.
- [67] Dolatkhahi M, I Nabipour. Ethnobotanical Study of Medicinal Plants Used in the Northeast Latrine Zone of Persian Gulf. JMP. 2014, 2(50): 129-143.
- [68] Ramezanian M and Minaei-Far AA. Ethnobotanical study of medicinal plants of Fasa city. Medicine J Islam and Iran. 2016; 7(2): 221-231.
- [69] Dolatkhahi M, Ghorbani-Nahouji M, Mehr-Afarin A, Amininejad GHR, Dolatkhahi A. An Ethnobotanical Study of Medicinal Plants city Kazeroon: identification, distribution and use of traditional J Medicinal Plants. 2012; 42; 11(2): 163-178.
- [70] Rahim-Forouzeh M, heshmati GHA, Barani H. Ethnobotanical survey of the province collected a selection of plants Kohgilouyeh. Medicine J Islam and Iran. 2015; 5(2): 131-139.
- [71] Shaahin Mardani-Nejhad; Mansoureh Vazirpour. Ethno-botany of medicinal plants by Mobarakeh's people (Isfahan). J Herbal Drugs. 2012; 3(2): 111-126.
- [72] Mirdeilami, S. Z., H. Barani, M. Mazandarani, Gh. A. Heshmati. 2011. 'Ethnopharmacological survey of medicinal pants in Maraveh Tappeh region, north of Iran'. Iranian Journal of Plant Physiology. 2(1); 327-338.
- [73] Safa O, Soltanipoor MA, Rastegar S, Kazemi M, Nourbakhsh Dehkordi KH, Ghannadi A. An ethnobotanical survey on hormozgan province, Iran. Avicenna Journal of Phytomedicine 2013; 3(1): 64-81.
- [74] Naghibi F, Esmaeili S, Malekmohammadi M, Hassanpour A, Mosaddegh M. Ethnobotanical survey of medicinal plants used traditionally in two villages of Hamedan, Iran. Avicenna J Phytomed. 2014; 1(3): 7-14.
- [75] Delfan B, Baharvand-Ahmadi B, Bahmani M, Mohseni N, Saki K, Rafieian-Kopaei M, Shahsavari S, Naghdi N, Taherikalani M, Ghafourian S. An ethnobotanical study of medicinal plants used in treatment of kidney stones and kidney pain in Lorestan province, Iran. JCPS. 2016; 8(4): 693-699.

- [76] Ganji-Arjenaki M, Rafieian-Kopaei M. Probiotics are a good choice in remission of inflammatory bowel diseases: A Meta Analysis and systematic review. Journal of Cellular Physiology. 2017 Mar 15. PubMed PMID: 28294322.
- [77] Rouhi-Boroujeni H, Heidarian E, Rouhi-Boroujeni H, Deris F, Rafieian-Kopaei M. Medicinal Plants with multiple effects on cardiovascular diseases: a systematic review. Curr Pharm Des. 2017; 23(7): 999 – 1015.
- [78] Asadi-Samani M, Rafieian-Kopaei M, and Azimi N. Gundelia: A systematic review of medicinal and molecular perspective. Pak J Biol Sci. 2013; 16: 1238-47.
- [79] Bahmani M, Shirzad H, Rafieian S, Rafieian-Kopaei M. Silybum marianum: Beyond Hepatoprotection. J Evid Based Complementary Altern Med. 2015; 20(4) 292-301.
- [80] Nasri H, Baradaran A, Shirzad H, Rafieian Kopaei M. New Concepts in Nutraceuticals as Alternative for Pharmaceuticals. Int J Prev Med. 2014;5:1487-99.
- [81] Kiani MA, Khodadad A, Mohammadi S, Ghayour Mobarhan M, Saeidi M, Jafari SA, et al. Effect of peppermint on pediatrics' pain under endoscopic examination of the large bowel. J Herbmed Pharmacol. 2013; 2(2): 41-44.
- [82] Bahmani M, Shirzad HA, Majlesi M, Shahinfard N, Rafieian-Kopaei M. A review study on analgesic applications of Iranian medicinal plants. Asian Pac J Trop Med. 2014; 7(Suppl 1): 43-53.
- [83] Nasri H, Rafieian-Kopaei M. Protective effects of herbal antioxidants on diabetic kidney disease. J Res Med Sci. 2014;19(1):82-3.
- [84] Nasri H, Nematbakhsh M, Rafieian-Kopaei M. Ethanolic extract of garlic for attenuation of gentamicin-induced nephrotoxicity in Wistar rats. Iran J Kidney Dis. 2013;7(5):376-82.
- [85] Nasri H, Rafieian-Kopaei M. Tubular kidney protection by antioxidants. Iran J Public Health. 2013; 42(10):1194-1196.
- [86] Mardani S, Nasri H, Hajian S, Ahmadi A, Kazemi R, Rafieian-Kopaei M. Impact of Momordica charantia extract on kidney function and structure in mice. J Nephropathol. 2014; 3(1):35-40.
- [87] Nasri H., Rafieian-Kopaei M. Tubular kidney protection by antioxidants. Iranian J Publ Health. 2013; 42(10): 1194-1196.
- [88] Nasri H, Nematbakhsh M, Rafieian-Kopaei M. Ethanolic extract of garlic for attenuation of gentamicin-induced nephrotoxicity in Wistar rats. Iran J Kidney Dis. 2013;7(5):376-82.
- [89] Bahmani M, Banihabib E, Rafieian-Kopaei M, Gholami-Ahangaran M. Comparison of Disinfection Activities of Nicotine with Copper Sulphate in water Containing Limnatis nilotica. Kafkas Univ Vet Fak Derg. 2015; 21 (1): 9-11
- [90] Ebrahimie M, Bahmani M, Shirzad H, Rafieian-Kopaei M, Saki K. A Review study on the effect of iranian herbal medicines on opioid withdrawal syndrome. J Evid Based Complementary Altern Med. 2015;20(4):302-9.
- [91] Bahmani M, Shirzad H, Rafieian S, Rafieian-Kopaei M. Silybum marianum: Beyond Hepatoprotection. J Evid Based Complementary Altern Med. 2015, 20(4) 292-301.
- [92] Bahmani M, Sarrafchi A, Shirzad H, Rafieian-Kopaei M. Autism: Pathophysiology and promising herbal remedies. Curr Pharm Des. 2016; 22(3):277–285.

- [93] Parsaei P, Bahmani M, Naghdi N, Asadi-Samani M, Rafieian-Kopaei M, Boroujeni S. Shigellosis phytotherapy: A review of the most important native medicinal plants in Iran effective on Shigella. Der Pharmacia Lettre. 2016; 8(2): 249-255.
- [94] Asadi-Samani M, Kooti W, Aslani E, Shirzad H: A systematic review of Iran's medicinal plants with anticancer effects. Journal of Evidence-Based Complementary & Alternative Medicine. 2016; 21(2): 143-153.
- [95] Ahmadipour S, Ahmadipour S, Mohsenzadeh A, Asadi-Samani M. The importance of some native medicinal plants of Iran effective on gastrointestinal disorders in children: A review. Der Pharmacia Lettre. 2016; 8(1):61-6.
- [96] Sarrafchi A, Bahmani M, Shirzad H, Rafieian-Kopaei M. Oxidative stress and Parkinson's disease: New hopes in treatment with herbal antioxidants. Curr Pharm Des. 2016; 22(2): 238 – 246.
- [97] Shayganni E, Bahmani M, Asgary S, Rafieian-Kopaei M. Inflammaging and cardiovascular disease: management by medicinal plants. Phytomedicine. 2016; 23: 1119–1126.
- [98] Kooti W, Ghasemiboroon M, Asadi-Samani M, Ahangarpoor A, Abadi MNA, Afrisham R, et al. The effects of hydro-alcoholic extract of celery on lipid profile of rats fed a high fat diet. Advances in Environmental Biology. 2014;8(9):325-30.
- [99] Sharafati-Chaleshtori R, Rokni N, Rafieian-Kopaei M, Drees F, Sharafati-Chaleshtori A, Salehi E. Use of Tarragon (Artemisia Dracunculus) Essential Oil as a Natural Preservative in Beef Burger. Ital J Food Sci. 2014;26(4):427-32. PubMed PMID: WOS:000346068600011.
- [100] Rabie Z, Gholami M, Rafieian-Kopaei M. Antidepressant effects of Mentha pulegium in mice. Bangladesh J Pharmacol. 2016; 11(3): 711-715 doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.3329/bjp.v11i3.27318.
- [101] Jivad N, Bahmani M, Asadi-Samani M. A review of the most important medicinal plants effective on wound healing on ethnobotany evidence of Iran. Der Pharmacia Lettre. 2016;8(2):353-7.
- [102] Sharafati-Chaleshtori R, Shirzad H, Rafieian-Kopaei M, Soltani A. Melatonin and human mitochondrial diseases. J Res Med Sci 2016:21:138.
- [103] Rafieian-kopaei M, Shahinfard N, Rouhi-Boroujeni H, Gharipour M, Darvishzadeh-Boroujeni P. Effects of Ferulago angulata Extract on Serum Lipids and Lipid Peroxidation. Evid-Based Compl Alt. 2014. PubMed PMID: WOS:000332639700001.
- [104] Jivad N, Asadi-Samani M, Moradi MT. The most important medicinal plants effective on migraine: A review of ethnobotanical studies in Iran. Der Pharma Chemica. 2016;8(2):462-6.
- [105] Akhlaghi M, Shabanian G, Rafieian-Kopaei M, Parvin N, Saadat M, Akhlaghi M. Citrus aurantium Blossom and Preoperative Anxiety. Rev Bras Anestesiol. 2011 Nov-Dec;61(6):702-12. PubMed PMID: WOS:000296992700002.
- [106] Parsaei P, Bahmani M, Karimi M, Naghdi N, Asadi-Samani M, Rafieian-Kopaei M. A review of analgesic medicinal plants in Iran. Der Pharmacia Lettre. 2016;8(2):43-51.